Recall 5 times table facts Recall 10 Times table facts Divide: Make equal groups by sharing Divide: make equal groups by grouping Divide by 2 and relate to halving. Odd and Even numbers

Half even numbers to 20 and multiples of 10 to 100.

Solve simple multiplication and division word problems

Create multiplication and division fact families

Divide by 5 and recall division facts.

Divide by 10 and recall division facts

Find a third of a shape. Find a third of an amount Understand unit fractions Understand non-unit fractions Understand the equivalence of 1/2 and Find three quarters of an amount Count in fractions Solve simple word problems involving fractions.

time. Example: One airplane lands every minute. How many planes land in an hour?

additive relationships

Recall multiplication and division facts for 2, 5 and 10 and use them to solve simple problems, demonstrating an understanding of commutativity as necessary

Identify ¼, 1/3, ½, 2/4, 3/4, of a number or shape, and know that all parts must be equal parts of the whole

Use different coins to make the same amount Read the time on a clock to the nearest 15 minutes

Name and describe properties of 2-D and 3-D shapes, including number of sides, vertices, edges, faces and lines of symmetry.

Length and height R Compares lengths and heights using comparison language and symbols Measure and records lengths using a ruler (cm) Measure and records lengths using a metre stick or tape Summer measure. Compare lengths and heights measurements. Example: 3m > 75cm ~ Order lenaths

Solve simple one step

(four operations)

problems relating to length

Mass, Capacity, Temperature R Introduce weight and mass Can compare mass using comparison lanauaae. Measure mass in grams Measure mass in Kg Measure and compare mass using comparison sumbols R Introduce capacity and volume. Compare volumes Measure in mililitres Measure in litres Introduce temperature, thermometers and the units 'dearees centiarade' Read simple scales where some numbers are missing. Apply counting in 2s. 5s and 10s. Solve simple reasoning and problem solving questions.

Position and direction Describe position and directions using directional language, 'left', 'right', 'forwards', 'backwards', 'top', 'bottom', 'between', 'above' and 'below'. Describe movement (up. down, left, right, forwards, backwards) Describe turns (full turn, half turn, quarter turn, three quarter turn, right angles, clockwise, anti clockwise) Describe and record movement and turns Describe and create patterns that involve direction and turns

Make tally charts by generating data in everyday situations, e.g. dinner or packed lunch? Draw pictograms 1:1 Interpret and answer retrieval questions from pictograms 1:1 Draw pictograms (2, 5 and 10) Interpret pictograms (2, 5 and 10) Present data in block diagrams 1:1 and using a scale of 2, 5 or 10 Reason and problem solve about data. Find the total of two categories on a pictogram, tally, block diagram and simple table. Which is the most popular chocolate bar when a full chocolate bar represents 2 people on a pictogram? How many more children had school dinners than packed lunch?

Statistics

Consolidation and TAF (EXS & GD) EXS: read scales* in divisions of ones, twos, fives and tens

Read scales* where not all numbers on the scale are given and estimate

points in between Recall and use multiplication and division facts for 2, 5 and 10 and make

deductions outside known multiplication facts Use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex

problems and explain their thinking (e.g. 29 + 17 = 15 + 4 +; 'together Jack and Sam have £14. Jack has £2 more than Sam. How much money does Sam have?' etc.)

Solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step (e.g. 'which has the most biscuits, 4 packets of biscuits with 5 in each packet or 3 packets of biscuits with 10 in each packet?')

Read the time on a clock to the nearest 5 minutes

Describe similarities and differences of 2-D and 3-D shapes, using their properties (e.g. that two different 2-D shapes both have only one line of symmetry; that a cube and a cuboid have the same number of edges, faces and vertices, but different dimensions).